



HERITAGE MINERALS

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS POLICY

Heritage Minerals is committed to:

Maintaining and continually improving Heritage Minerals Environmental Management System certified to ISO 14001 Environmental Management Systems which covers Social and Governance forming Heritage Minerals Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) system.

Heritage Minerals plan to achieve carbon neutral status as per the Australia government national emissions target requirements. In June 2022, Australia increased its emission reduction ambition and committed to reducing its greenhouse gas emissions by 43% below 2005 levels by 2030 and achieving net zero emissions by 2050. The 2022 emissions projections provide insights into how Australia is tracking towards its new targets by examining the potential impacts of policies and measures to reduce Australia's greenhouse gas emissions.

Australia's 2030 target is both a single year commitment to reduce emissions to 43% below 2005 levels by 2030, and a multi-year emissions budget covering cumulative emissions from 2021-2030. The 2030 target sets a floor, not a ceiling, on Australia's ambition.

Greenhouse Gases include:

The greenhouse gases counted under Australia's national emissions targets are:

- Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Methane (CH₄)
- Nitrous oxide (N₂O)
- Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
- Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
- Sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆).

While greenhouse gases occur naturally, they are also generated because of human activities, such as:

- Burning fossil fuels like coal, oil and gas for energy and transport
- Disposal of organic wastes
- Agriculture and land clearing
- Industrial, manufacturing, and commercial activity
- Mount Morgan Mine's greenhouse gas emissions.

These emissions are from the things we use such as electricity, gas, and transport, as well as the waste we produce. Heritage Minerals must meet all Australian Government guidelines moving forward.

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Signature: 
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